CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the March 2016 series

0417 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

0417/12

Paper 1 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Page 2	2 Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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1 (a)	PC/desktop		[1]
(b)	Laptop		[1]
(c)	Tablet		[1]
(d)	Smartphone		[1]

2

	CLI (✓)	GUI (√)
Instructions have to be typed.	\checkmark	
Applications are represented by icons.		\checkmark
Options are chosen from a menu.		\checkmark
Many instructions have to be memorised.	\checkmark	

4 correct answers – 2 marks

2 or 3 correct answers – 1 mark

1 correct – 0 marks

3

	TRUE (✓)	FALSE (✓)
A multimedia projector is used to output slide shows.	\checkmark	
A laser printer is a type of page printer.	\checkmark	
An inkjet printer cartridge lasts longer than a laser printer toner cartridge producing the same output.		~
A dot matrix printer produces very high quality printouts quickly.		\checkmark

4 correct answers – 2 marks

2 or 3 correct answers – 1 mark

1 correct – 0 marks

[2]

Ρ	age 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
-	uge e	Cambridge IGCSE – March 2016	0417	12
4	(a) <u>j</u>	b sharing		[1]
	(b) <u>p</u>	<u>part-time</u> working		[1]
	(c) v	vorking <u>flexible hours</u>		[1]
	(d) v	vorking <u>compressed hours</u>		[1]
5	Any f	our from:		
	Neve Alwa Alwa Avoid phon Avoid Avoid Avoid Do nd attac Ensu Chec	 v how to block and report unwanted users, r arrange to meet anyone alone ys tell an adult first when arranging to meet someone ys meet in a public place d inappropriate disclosure of personal data/set privacy settings/Avoid g e number when chatting d inappropriate disclosure of your own name/Avoid giving your full name d giving your address d giving your school name d displaying a picture in school uniform bt display pictures taken at home/Do not display pictures taken of the school not send pictures/videos of yourself to strangers re that the person you are befriending has very secure privacy settings k profiles before contacting people y person's contact details with other trusted people/friends 	e school with t	
6		example of a strong password – (1 mark)		
	<u>Good</u>	example of a weak password – (1 mark)		
	Any t	wo from:		
	Weal digit Weal Stron	c password is easy to guess/strong password is difficult to guess c passwords consist of all letters or all digits or all digits with one letter/ c password is one that has few characters ig password uses mixture of upper case letters, digits and punctuation c password has repeated characters		ith one
		password has characters next to each other on a QWERTY keyboard	ł	

Weak password has characters next to each other on a QWERTY keyboard

Weak passwords are ones that are similar to the user name

Weak passwords are passwords that relate to the user

[4]

Pa	age 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	V -	Cambridge IGCSE – March 2016	0417	12
7	Anv	four from:		
•	-			
		tination B is input by driver		
		ition of motor vehicle at A is calculated using GPS sing data transmitted from 3/4 satellites		
		brithm calculates shortest distance from A to B (going through C)		
	-	prithm calculates distance from A to B not going through C		
		es allowances for traffic in town C		
		es into account average road speeds		
		sing traffic/speed sensors on roads		
		es into account regular updates of traffic conditions es into account max. speed on the road/type of road		[4]
	Tak	es into account max. speed on the toad/type of toad		[+]
8	Any	four from:		
	Rοι	ter		
		network software in the original computer determines that the destinati	on computer	is on a
		rent network		
		ing IP addresses a is sent to the switch/hub and then passed to router		
		router then passes it to the router of the other network		
		router passes it to the switch/hub		
	tc	the destination computer		
	Brid			
		computer sends the data to the bridge via the hub/switch ing MAC addresses		
		e protocol/MAC address is same, bridge passes data to the other netwo	ork	
	Brid	ge passes it to the switch/hub		
	tc	destination computer with correct MAC address		[4]
9	(a)	Any two from:		
		Both involve you being assigned a fax (phone) number		
		Both can involve use of a hard copy original		
		Both require the use of a phone line		[2]
	(b)	Any three from:		
		Physical faxing requires purchase of a fax machine/electronic faxing re	quires use/c	urchase
		of a computer/scanner		
		Physical faxes can be picked up by anyone/electronic faxing goes strai address	ght to your e	email
		Physical faxes - phone-line could be busy/engaged - electronic faxes -	– phone line	never
		registers as busy/engaged Physical faxes – must have paper and can get paper jams		

Physical faxes – must have paper and can get paper jams Electronic fax is quicker to arrive than physical

[3]

Pa	age {		Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – March 2016	0417	12
10	(a)	Any three from:		
		Name Passport number Date of birth Place of birth Nationality Issue date Expiry date Facial characteristics/photograph/fingerprint/retina scan Biometric measurements (face) Signature Gender Place of issue		[3]
	(b)	Any three from: The chip is presented near a computer with a radio-frequency scanner The scanning antenna puts out radio-frequency signals in a relatively s It provides a means of communicating with the transponder/the RFID ta The scanning device provides energy so that the chips can broadcast the information in them for the computer to read.	•	[3]
	(c)	Any two from:		
	()	More secure than a traditional passport as biometric measurement data Counterfeits can be more easily identified than non-RFID passports More rapid flow at security check points/quicker than reading it manual		forge [2]
11	(a)	Appropriate spacing for each field (1 mark) Forward/backward buttons/save (submit) - must have at least two navig Candidate attempts for information to fill the page AND is clearly a scree All six of the given fields – 3 marks Five of the given fields – 2 marks Four of the given fields – 1 mark		
		Each additional field other than those given minus 1 mark, to a mark of	zero of field	ds [6]
	(b)	must consist of one letter, three digits, space, three letters		[2]
		(ii) range check must be >=140 and <=180		[2]
	(c)	Engine_size > 1.4 OR Parking_sensors = "Y" 1 mark for Engine_size 1 mark for > 1.4		
		1 mark for Parking_sensors 1 mark for = "Y" 1 mark for OR		[5]

Pa	ige 6		Syllabus	Paper
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	(d)	K674 TUV R123 AZN U283 BBV K943 SCG 2 marks is all four registrations are shown and correct. 1 mark if all five registrations shown		[2]
12	(a)	B4*C4		[1]
	(b)	=\$B\$1*D4 or =D4*\$B\$1 or =B\$1*D4 or =D4*B\$1		
		1 mark for B1 1 mark for correct absolute referencing B\$1 or \$B\$1 1 mark for *D4 or D4* Minus 1 mark per incorrect or added operator		[3]
	(c)	Any three from:		
		When formulae are replicated/copied/dragged down/fill down some cell references must remain unchanged If it wasn't used when the formula in E4 was replicated down it would m These cells are either blank or contain values not equal to 25%/need to		2, B3 etc. [3]
	(d)	SUM(F4:F8)		[1]
13	(a)	Any two from: HyperText Transfer Protocol HTTP is a communication protocol used on the internet to allow commu computers (devices) HTTP is an application protocol/set of rules	unication be	tween two
		HTTP is the foundation of data communication for the World Wide Web)	[2]
	(b)	Any two from: HTTP is not secure/HTTPS is secure uses SSL/HTTP does not use SSL HTTPS transmits data over the internet in an encrypted form/HTTP tran internet in an unencrypted form HTTPS requires additional processing power in its servers which could responses		

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14 Any **four** from:

Computer might be infected with spyware detecting key presses which slows down data transfer speeds over the internet

Computer might be infected with viruses taking up memory and limiting bandwidth. If the computer's memory is close to full, data transfer speed over the internet can slow down considerably

The search might be too general giving irrelevant information as well as relevant information Search providers add targeted marketing adverts from companies to the search results/ your search results are gathered to target further marketing/advertising

[4]

[5]

[4]

15 .txt is a text (file) used by a variety of text editors (1 mark)

.rtf is rich text (format) for a rich text file that is readable by most word processing software (1 mark)

Any three from:

RTF has many more features than TXT. RTF is capable of basic font formatting while TXT isn't. RTF is capable of paragraph formatting while TXT isn't. RTF is capable of creating bulleted lists while TXT isn't. RTF files can include images while TXT cannot. .TXT takes up less memory

16 Any five from:

	Change the font type to make it more informal/appealing Change the font size bigger Simplify the language Make the heading centred Make the font size for the heading larger than the body text Add interesting/relevant images Bold/underline/highlight/italicised keywords Bold/underline/highlight headings Line spacing after paragraphs/in paragraphs Colour text to emphasise keywords/headings Change the existing border to a more interesting/relevant border	[5]
17	Stage 1 reflected through the Y axis (1 mark)	
	Stage 2 rotated through 90° (clockwise) about the origin (1 mark)	
	Stage 3 reflected about the Y axis (1 mark)	

Filled with black colour (1 mark)

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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18 Any **four** from:

When you want to apply different formatting in the same page without disrupting the formatting of the whole page.

When you want to use columns in a page, and have different amounts of columns on the same page.

When you want to use a heading across the whole page but the text below is in several columns. When you don't want headers on pages with a title, but you do want them on other pages. If you didn't have them, each page would have the same header.

To enable page orientation to change between 2 pages.

[4]

[8]

19 To be marked as a level of response:

Level 3 (7–8 marks)

Candidates will address both aspects of the statement and discuss/consider greater security but also possible lack of security.

The issues raised will be justified. There must be a reasoned conclusion.

The information will be relevant, clear, organised and presented in a structured and coherent format.

Level 2 (4–6 marks)

Candidates will address both aspects of the statement and discuss/consider greater security but also possible lack of security although development of some of the points will be limited to one side of the argument.

There may be a conclusion.

For the most part the information will be relevant and presented in a structured and coherent format.

Level 1 (1–3 marks)

Candidates may only address one aspect of the statement or give reasons why there is greater security but also possible lack of security

Answers may be simplistic with little relevance.

Level 0 (0 marks)

Response with no valid content

Examples of more secure:

Data more difficult to copy

Larger amount of information can be stored

Disabled people find it easier than signing

Reduces disputes at checkouts over validity of signature/Saves time at checkouts Not affected by magnetic fields

Even when the card is stolen, the thief still needs the PIN, so it is much safer

Magnetic stripe reader had to be in a fixed location.

If the transaction did not take place near a terminal (in a restaurant, for example) the card had to be taken away from the customer to the card machine.

It was easily possible for a dishonest employee to swipe the card surreptitiously through a cheap machine...

...which would take a couple of seconds to record the information on the card and stripe Even at the terminal, the criminal could bend down in front of the customer and swipe the card on a hidden reader.

Illegal cloning of cards easy, and a common occurrence.

only the magnetic stripe can be copied, and a copied card cannot be used on a PIN terminal

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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The introduction of chip and PIN coincided with wireless data communications technology becoming inexpensive and widespread

Wireless PIN pads were introduced that could be brought to the customer and used without the card ever being out of sight

However, this would have been possible, had the technology been available, with magnetic stripe cards

Chip and PIN and wireless together reduce the risk of cloning of cards by brief swiping.

Examples of not always secure because:

Cards can still be cloned

People can be careless when using their PIN.

Credit and debit card fraud has gone down with chip and pin

ATM fraud has gone up.

Hidden cameras sometimes are used to see which keys are pressed for the PIN.

The advent of chip and pin has also generated a rise in phishing